

PRODUCT DATA SHEET

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION: Riley's Water Reducible Chain Stop Medium Dry Alkyd Enamel is intended for use on properly prepared and/or primed metal surfaces for finishing or refinishing. Suitable applications include agricultural, construction, and industrial equipment, castings, and metal fabrications.

ADVANTAGES:			CHARACTERISTICS:	APPLICATION:
WIDE BALANCE OF PERFORMANCE PROPERTIES: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Air Dry High Gloss Fast Recoat Time Good One Coat Protection Good Exterior Durability Good Flexibility And Film Toughness Excellent flow and leveling Film hardness Virtually any new or existing color standard can be quickly and precisely matched Gloss can be matched to customer specifications Water Based Paint Non-Flammable 			GLOSS: Full VOLUME SOLIDS: 25-35% Varies by color VISCOSITY: 20-50 Seconds Zahn #3 SPREADING RATE: 400-560 SQ. FT./GAL. At 1 Mil, No Application Loss PACKAGE LIFE: 1 Year DRYING: Air Dry @ 77°F (25°C) 45% RH To Touch: 30 MINUTES To Handle: 90 MINUTES To Recoat: AFTER 40 MINUTES To Pack: 24 HOURS Full Cure: 2 to 4 Weeks FORCE DRY: Up to 200°F for 30 minutes for most colors. RECOMMENDED FILM THICKNESS: WET: 3.0-6.0 MILS DRY: 1.0-2.0 MILS REDUCTION: EB, EP, Water, Or 80:20 Water:EB CLEAN UP: EB or Water	APPLICATION PRECAUTIONS AND LIMITATIONS: Apply only when air, product or surface temperature is above 50°F (10°C) and when surface temperature is at least 5°F (3°C) above the dew point. Condensation will cause paint film failures. SURFACE PREPARATION: METAL: Apply to properly cleaned or treated metal surface. A solvent wipe to remove contaminants or sandblasting will work. Sand blasted metal may require more dry film thickness to fully cover blasted profile. Priming metal prior to topcoating is recommended for best overall properties. Preprimed surfaces may need to be lightly sanded and tacked off for best inner coat adhesion. Chemical treatment will improve the adhesion and performance properties of the paint. Treatment may consist of an iron phosphate chemical pretreatment. Riley manufactures several chemicals for surface preparation. ALUMINUM AND GALVANIZED IRON (UNTREATED): Prime with a vinyl wash primer then coat with an alkyd primer followed by a topcoat. WOOD (INTERIOR): No primer is required for properly prepared, previously painted surfaces. For new wood priming is recommended. Riley has specialty wood coating products that may work better. CONVENTIONAL SPRAY: Reduce to the desired viscosity using a solvent that has the appropriate reduction strength and dry time. Add with agitation. Spray at 40-60 psi atomizing pressure and 15-20 psi fluid pressure. Viscosity 22-25 seconds #3 EZ. AIRLESS SPRAY: Reduce to the desired viscosity using a solvent that has the appropriate reduction strength and dry time. Use .013"-.017" tips and 12"-16" fan for best application. Viscosity 25-30 seconds #3 EZ. DIP: Larger parts may require slower drying solvent to allow for better run off. Viscosity 40-60 seconds #2 EZ.
SOLVENT REDUCTION DATA:			PRODUCT LIMITATIONS: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> For improved corrosion resistance or film build such as on sand blasted or rough surfaces, use industrial primer. Critical recoat may occur between 2 and 20 hours. May be formulated to have no critical recoat. Blocking or sticking may occur when flat surfaces are stacked before adequate cure. Allow at least 24 to 48 hours drying before stacking depending on dry film thickness. For best application of applying paint to a substrate the temperature of the paint should be between 65-90°F (18-32°C). If specified temperature is not met poor atomization can result. Stir thoroughly before and during use. Stirring is critical to maintaining consistent coating material parameters. In high humidity (+90%) environments warm moving air greatly enhances dry time. 	
Solvent	Comparative Spot Dry	Reduction Strength		
EB— Ethylene Glycol Butyl Ether	20 min. 30 sec.	Average		
EP— Ethylene Glycol Monopropyl Ether	9 min. 30 sec.	Average		
Water	10 min. 45 sec.	Average		
Reduction should be kept to a minimum. Controlling paint temperature is the best way to control viscosity. Dip tanks should have pH monitored. Adjust pH with 14% ammonia to keep pH between 8-9.				